Received - 10 November 2016 Planning Applications Group

PICK EVERARD

Surface Water Drainage Strategy

for

Joy Lane Primary School

Kent County Council

Issue Number 02 08-11-16

Document History

lssue	Date	Comment	Author	Chk'd
02	08-11-16	Tank design amended	GAT	PEC
01	08-07-16	First Issue	GAT	PEC



Surface Water Drainage Strategy MC/GAT/160855 17-2/R001- Issue Number 02



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I.0 Introduction

Joy Lane Primary school is located off Joy Lane in Whitstable, Kent. The original school was constructed in the 1950s and has been extended subsequently.

The site is overall has significant green areas, principally the playing field to the rear of the main school buildings as can be seen in the aerial view below. There are two hard standing playgrounds and several parking areas.

The site slopes gently from south to north. The playing field area is 2-3m above the main school buildings with an embankment along its perimeter. There also several small retaining walls and ramps across the site to manage changes in level.



Aerial View of School

2.0 Existing Ground Conditions

A review of the British Geological Survey (BGS) data indicates that the site is underlain by the London Clay Formation Ground investigations. This has been confirmed by site investigation and the area has a low permeability making SUDS measures such as soakaways ineffective.



3.0 Planning Permission

Planning permission has been granted under application no. CA/15/2596 with the following condition for surface water disposal:-

<u>Development shall not commence</u> until a detailed sustainable surface water drainage scheme for the site has been submitted to and approved in writing by the County Planning Authority. The detailed drainage scheme shall demonstrate that the surface water generated by this proposal (for all rainfall durations up to and including the climate change adjusted critical 100yr storm) can be accommodated and disposed of without increase to the on-site and off-site flood risk. The detailed drainage scheme shall be based on the submitted drainage strategy and discharge rates to the public surface water sewer being agreed with Southern Water.

4.0 Disposal Strategy

The existing surface water run-off discharges into a Southern Water sewer than runs in a northerly direction to the east of the main school building.

The site currently has three impermeable catchment areas that connect via separate pipes to this public sewer.

There are no changes proposed to the existing buildings and these have been excluded from the assessment.

The three current impermeable catchment areas are:-

- Area A Northern car park
- Area B Eastern parking
- Area C Access road to north east corner

These areas total 3963m².

The proposed development includes additional impermeable areas for the additional classroom, adjacent hardstanding and additional car park provision, which will increase the overall impermeable area of the site therefore increasing overall runoff.

As previously stated the ground conditions are not suitable for soakaways and other SUDS measures and there no watercourses in the area.

The development will change impermeable areas as follows:-

- Area A additional parking to northern boundary
- Area B additional parking to eastern boundary
- Area C no change

The development will also add the following impermeable area:-

• Area D – additional classroom, MUGA and hardsurfacing

The strategy is to attenuate the total flow from Areas A, B, C and D such that the postdevelopment outflow to the surface water sewer is limited to the outflow from the 15 min, 1 in 30 year storm event for the existing impermeable area of $3963m^2$.



A 15min 30 year storm has been chosen as the catchment is small and the 15min duration is the critical storm event for the attenuation tank design.

The post-development flows for each impermeable area will be calculated for a 15 min, 1 in 100 year storm event including a 20% increase for climate change.

Flows from Areas B and C will be discharged to the public sewer without attenuation, and these flows will be deducted from the allowable outflow available when discharging areas A and D.

Sufficient attenuation, under the northern car park, will then be provided to attenuate all flows from Areas A and D whilst maintaining the overall flow to the public sewer to the current discharge rate so there is no increase to the risk of on-site and off-site flooding.

Appendix A includes a drainage area plan.

5.0 Calculations

Appendix B includes outputs from the calculations.

The present outflow from the impermeable area on the site for a 1 in 30 storm event has been calculated for the critical 15min storm duration for a small catchment, and gives a maximum outflow of 88 l/s.

The run-off from the four areas has also been calculated for the 1 in 100 year storm event plus a 20% increase for climate change for up to 15 min storm durations.

Areas B and C have a total maximum outflow of 68 l/s for the 1 in 100 year event, which means that the outflow from areas A and D will be attenuated to 88 - 68 = 20 l/s.

For the 15min, I in 100 year storm event plus 20% for climate change the flow from Areas A and D is 171 l/s, i.e. an attenuated flow rate of 151 l/s for the 15minute storm, giving a required storage volume of $137m^3$.

6.0 Outputs

The attenuation tank will be constructed from pre-formed cellular storage blocks, wrapped and sealed in an impermeable membrane.

The tank will be 17m long by 16.5m wide, 0.8m deep, giving a net volume of 224m³, however due to topography and layout of the site, the full depth is not available for storage. The storage depth is restricted to 0.6m, giving a net volume of 168m³, i.e. the required volume plus 20% freeboard.

The outflow from the tank to the public sewer will be controlled a 150mm dia outlet pipe to limit the flow to the required 20 l/s to the existing drainage system.



Appendix A

Drawings







CO1 Construction Issue Revisions		04.07.16 Date	0SF Drawn	GAT Chk'd
CLENT Kent County Council Jenner (Contractors) Ltd PICK PROJECT Joy Lane Primary Expansion	Arc Cor Pro Sur Hal Cha Leic LE1 Pho Fax con	hitects lisulting Engineer iect Managers veyors VER ford House ord House tries Street isster 1HA ne 0116 223 44 0116 223 4411/ usultant@pickex w.pickeverard.cc	76 AF 00 22/33 verard.cc 0.uk	R D
DRAWING ITTLE Site Layout	PICK EV 160 SCALE 1:50 STATUS A	ERARD PROJECT NO 855 - Unless otherwise 0 PURPOSE OF ISS CONSTRU	stated a UE CTIO	t A1 N
DRAWING NUMBER 117-PE-XX-00-DR-C-010		L	REV CO1	



NO DIMENSIONS TO BE SCALED FROM THIS DRAWING

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CDM – RESIDUAL RISKS

The following are considered to be significant risks relevant to this drawing, which could not be fully mitigated or removed through design. Further possible control measures have been identified within the Design Risk Assessments which may help to mitigate these and other identified risks further during the construction / maintenance process;

- The school will be open to students and visitors during the construction period. The contractor shall securely fence off site area and take other measures to segregate school vehicles and pedestrians from site areas and construction traffic.
- Deliveries to site shall be supervised to prevent collisions and congestion. In particular free passage through escape routes to be maintained. Risk of residual asbestos and other hazardous materials from demolished
- buildings and structures. Underground services in the vicinity of the works which are indicated on the 4
- drawings where known. Contractor shall confirm status of services prior to commencing excavations.
- Existing foul and surface water sewers on site are confined spaces and are hazardous. Hazards include: , working from height, suffocation, disease and poisoned rodent bait.

<u>NOTES.</u>

- The system shall comply with the recommendations contained in BS EN 752. BS EN 12056 and Building Regulations Part H. • All external pipes, bends and junctions shall be vitrified clay to BS EN295, with flexible joints and kitemark
- certified • All private building drainage shall be constructed in strict accordance with BS EN752. Foul drainage shall be laid no shallower than 1 in 150 and surface water no shallower than 1 in 300.
- Drainage with less than 1200mm cover will have a concrete bed and surround or concrete protection above the granular surround as detailed. Where required, pipework will be protected in accordance with the 'Simplified Tables of External Loads on Buried Pipelines'.
- In any circumstances where pipes are bedded and surrounded in concrete flexible joints should be provided. Compressible boards (fibreboard or polystyrene) shall be provided at a maximum of 8m centres (coinciding with pipe joints). The boards shall be pre-cut to pipe diameter and to a height and width equal to the concrete cross section. A board thickness of 18m for pipes up to 450mm nominal diameter and 36mm for pipes over 450mm nominal diameter.
- Where existing pipes are to be abandoned they shall be either dug out together with any abandoned manholes or backfilled with concrete. Covers/gratings of existing manholes, gullies and other chambers within new or resurfaced areas of paving are to be re-set to suit the new paving level on engineering brickwork and Class 1 mortar bed and haunching.
- New gullies will generally be precast concrete road gullies 150mm outlet, trapped with rodding eye to BS.5911 fitted with heavy duty cast iron gully grate and frame to BS.497: Part 1. Connections to the existing drainage system are to be made at existing manholes or to existing pipe runs using junction insertions or saddles as required. All new areas of paving shall be given suitable falls to direct surface water to existing and new gullies.
- For cover dimension & type, see individual manhole schedules. • All drainage shall be installed to true and even gradients and shall be laid in straight lines between each manhole. • Where drainage is required to pass beneath sub-structural perimeter beams, the pipework shall have a minimum of a 50mm space above the pipe which shall be filled with polystyrene, if distance
- to pipe crown is less then 100mm. • All connections to manholes shall be swept in the direction of the flow and no swept bend shall be greater than 100 dearees. • All backdrops to manholes shall be formed externally to the manhole with a horizontal rodding eye taken though
- the wall. • All branch connections to manholes shall be made at a level soffit with the outfall drain.
- Inlet and outlet connections to manholes on the main drain shall be at level soffit. Every drain connection to a manhole or inspection chamber shall be via a short length of rocker pipe to enable settlement to take place without damaging the pipe.
- Benching to manholes shall be trowelled to a smooth finish at a gradient of 1 in 12 to the horizontal. • Channel bends shall be used in all manholes.
- Manhole covers shall be installed on the upstream end of manholes, over the step irons or the access ladder and shall be flush with the internal face of the manhole wall; there shall be no overhang of the manhole cover, which obscures access onto the step irons or the ladder. • Bends at the base of soil stacks shall be long radius.
- Rodding access should be provided on all soil stacks for maintenance, testing and removal of debris.
- All redundant manholes and pipework to be broken out/ grouted up as appropriate. Generally, step irons are to be included in all manholes deeper than 1m. The distance no more then 675mm from cover level.

REFERENCES

To be read in conjunction with other drawings and specifications <u> KEY</u>

PROPOSED SURFACE WATER SEWER

EXISTING SURFACE WATER SEWER



EXISTING SOUTHERN WATER OWNED SURFACE WATER SEWER

C03	Construction issue with Attenuation Tank Ammendments	12.08.16	MLD	GAT
C02	Updates to Attenuation Tank and Surrounding SWS	03.08.16	MLD	
C01	Construction issue	07.07.16	0SF	GAT
Re	evisions	Date	Drawn	Chk'd

PROJECT

Kent County Council Jenner (Contractors) Ltd

Joy Lane Primary Expansion

Surveyors PICK EVERARD Halford House Charles Street Leicester LE1 1HA Phone 0116 223 4400 Fax 0116 223 4411/22/33 consultants@pickeverard.co.uk

C03

www.pickeverard.co.uk

Architects

Consulting Engineers

Project Managers

DRAWING TITLE	PICK EVI	ERARD PROJECT N	lo.			
Surface Water Sewer		160855				
	SCALE -	unless otherwis	e stated			
General Arrangement Sheet 1 of 2	1:200	C	at A1			
	STATUS	PURPOSE OF IS	SUE			
	А	CONSTRI	JCTION			
DRAWING NUMBER			REV			

117-PE-XX-00-DR-C-0520



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<u>REFERENCES</u>

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PROPOSED SURFACE WATER SEWER

EXISTING SURFACE WATER SEWER



EXISTING SOUTHERN WATER OWNED SURFACE WATER SEWER

C04	Construction issue – Ammended Attenuation Details	12.08.16	MLD	GAT
C03	Attenuation Alterations & Additional Gullys	03.08.16	MLD	
C02	Parking Layout Amended	27.07.16	0SF	JΗ
C01	Construction issue	07.07.16	0SF	GAT
Re	visions	Date	Drawn	Chk'd

CLIENT

14.166

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Kent County Council Jenner (Contractors) Ltd

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C04

Architects

PROJECT Joy Lane Primary Expansion

DRAWING TITLE PICK EVERARD PROJECT NO. 160855 Surface Water Sewer SCALE - unless otherwise stated General Arrangement Sheet 2 of 2 1:200 at A1 STATUS PURPOSE OF ISSUE A CONSTRUCTION DRAWING NUMBER REV

117-PE-XX-00-DR-C-0521

Appendix B

Calculations





Existing

Design Rainfall

Rainfall Ration, r Existing Hard Standing (m2) M5-60 Rainfall (mm) 0.39 Ref: Wallingford Procedure Vol 3 Map M5-60: M5-2day)

3963

20 Ref: BRE 365

Duration (min)	Z1	M5 Rainfall (mm)		Z2 Growth Factor						
			LB (mm)	Rainfall above LB (mm)	M1	M10	M20	M30	M50	M100
5	0.37	7.4	5	2.4	0.596	1.262	1.48	1.618	1.776	2.078
10	0.52	10.4	10	0.4	0.614	1.228	1.422	1.532	1.67	1.942
15	0.63	12.6	10	2.6	0.636	1.272	1.488	1.598	1.78	2.118
30	0.8	16	15	1	0.64	1.24	1.45	1.58	1.73	2.03
60	1	20	20	0	0.64	1.24	1.45	1.58	1.73	2.03
120	1.21	24.2	20	4.2	0.724	1.24	1.408	1.538	1.688	1.946
240	1.46	29.2	25	4.2	0.744	1.156	1.356	1.486	1.636	1.842
360	1.62	32.4	30	2.4	0.728	1.148	1.324	1.43	1.556	1.778
600	1.82	36.4	30	6.4	0.808	1.028	1.164	1.23	1.316	1.458
1440	2.28	45.6	40	5.6	0.812	1.078	1.156	1.22	1.304	1.442

30 Year Design Storms								
Z2 Rainfall (mm) Inflow (m3) Duration (s) Flow Rate								
M30-5	1.618	11.9732	47.45455693	300	158.1818564			
M30-10	1.532	15.9328	63.14802765	600	105.2467128			
M30-15	1.598	20.1348	79.80222605	900	88.66914006			
M30-30	1.58	25.28	100.1947014	1800	55.66372302			
M30-60	1.58	31.6	125.2433768	3600	34.78982689			

Rainfall Ration, r Existing Hard Standing (m2) M5-60 Rainfall (mm) 0.39 *Ref: Wallingford Procedure Vol 3 Map M5-60: M5-2day)* 1856 20 *Ref: BRE 365*

Duration (min)	Z1	M5 Rainfall (mm)				Z2 Growth Factor				
			LB (mm)	Rainfall above LE	M1	M10	M20	M30	M50	M100
5	0.37	7.4	5	2.4	0.596	1.262	1.48	1.618	1.776	2.078
10	0.52	10.4	10	0.4	0.614	1.228	1.422	1.532	1.67	1.942
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600	1.82	36.4	30	6.4	0.808	1.028	1.164	1.23	1.316	1.458
1440	2.28	45.6	40	5.6	0.812	1.078	1.156	1.22	1.304	1.442

100 Year Design Storms									
Storm Event	Z2	Rainfall (mm)	Inflow (m3)	Duration (s)	Flow Rate (I/s)				
M100-5	2.078	15.3772	28.54451183	300	95.14837278				
M100-10	1.942	20.1968	37.49107748	600	62.48512913				
M100-15	2.118	26.6868	49.5383866	900	55.04265178				
M100-30	1.03	16.48	30.59162624	1800	16.99534791				
M100-60	1.03	20.6	38.2395328	3600	10.62209244				

Rainfall Ration, r Existing Hard Standing (m2) M5-60 Rainfall (mm) 0.39 *Ref: Wallingford Procedure Vol 3 Map M5-60: M5-2day)* 1221 20 *Ref: BRE 365*

Duration (min)	Z1	M5 Rainfall (mm)				Z2 Growth Factor				
			LB (mm)	Rainfall above LE	M1	M10	M20	M30	M50	M100
5	0.37	7.4	5	2.4	0.596	1.262	1.48	1.618	1.776	2.078
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100 Year Design Storms									
Storm Event	Z2	Rainfall (mm)	Inflow (m3)	Duration (s)	Flow Rate (I/s)				
M100-5	2.078	15.3772	18.77705279	300	62.59017596				
M100-10	1.942	20.1968	24.66225189	600	41.10375315				
M100-15	2.118	26.6868	32.58717142	900	36.20796824				
M100-30	1.03	16.48	20.12367856	1800	11.17982142				
M100-60	1.03	20.6	25.1545982	3600	6.987388389				

Rainfall Ration, r Existing Hard Standing (m2) M5-60 Rainfall (mm) 0.39 *Ref: Wallingford Procedure Vol 3 Map M5-60: M5-2day*)68820 *Ref: BRE 365*

Duration (min)	Z1	M5 Rainfall (mm)	Z2 Growth Factor							
			LB (mm)	Rainfall above LE	M1	M10	M20	M30	M50	M100
5	0.37	7.4	5	2.4	0.596	1.262	1.48	1.618	1.776	2.078
10	0.52	10.4	10	0.4	0.614	1.228	1.422	1.532	1.67	1.942
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Storm Event	Z2	Rainfall (mm)	Inflow (m3)	Duration (s)	Flow Rate (I/s)		
M100-5	2.078	15.3772	10.58103594	300	35.27011981		
M100-10	1.942	20.1968	13.89739788	600	23.16232981		
M100-15	2.118	26.6868	18.36316039	900	20.403512		
M100-30	1.03	16.48	11.33987152	1800	6.299928622		
M100-60	1.03	20.6	14.1748394	3600	3.937455389		

Rainfall Ration, r Existing Hard Standing (m2) M5-60 Rainfall (mm) 0.39 *Ref: Wallingford Procedure Vol 3 Map M5-60: M5-2day)* 2976 20 *Ref: BRE 365*

Duration (min)	Z1	M5 Rainfall (mm)	Z2 Growth Factor							
			LB (mm)	Rainfall above LE	M1	M10	M20	M30	M50	M100
5	0.37	7.4	5	2.4	0.596	1.262	1.48	1.618	1.776	2.078
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100 Year Design Storms							
Storm Event	Z2	Rainfall (mm)	Inflow (m3)	Duration (s)	Flow Rate (I/s)		
M100-5	2.078	15.3772	45.76346983	300	152.5448994		
M100-10	1.942	20.1968	60.10688861	600	100.1781477		
M100-15	2.118	26.6868	79.42151801	900	88.24613112		
M100-30	1.03	16.48	49.0454688	1800	27.24748267		
M100-60	1.03	20.6	61.306836	3600	17.02967667		

Tank_Design

100 Year Design Storms + 20%									
Storm Event	Duration (s)	Area A	Flow Rate (I Area B	/s) (excl 20%) Area C	Area D	Unattenuated flows(B+C) + 20%	Remaining outfall flow (88 l/s less unattenuated flows)	Attenuated flow (A+D) + 20% less Remaining outflow	Tank Volume (m3)
M100-5	300	95.1	62.6	35.3	152.5	117.4	-29.4	326.7	98.0
M100-10	600	62.5	41.1	23.2	100.2	77.1	10.9	184.3	110.6
M100-15	900	55.0	36.2	20.4	88.2	67.9	20.1	151.9	136.7
M100-30	1800	17.0	11.2	6.3	27.2	21.0	67.0	-13.9	-25.1
M100-60	3600	10.6	7.0	3.9	17.0	13.1	74.9	-41.7	-150.1

Max Vol (m3)	136.7
% Void Ratio	95
Rectangular Tank	
Depth (m)	0.6
Length (m)	17.5
Width (m)	14

Crate Sizes 1.0x0.5x0.4